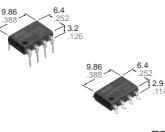


GU (General Use) Type 2-Channel (Form A) Current Limit Function Type



mm inch

FEATURES

1. Current Limit Function

To control an over current from flowing, the current limit function has been realized. It keeps an output current at a constant value when the current reaches a specified current limit value.

2. Enhancing the capability of surge resistance between output terminals

The current limit function controls the ON time surge current to enhance the capability of surge resistance between output terminals.

3. Reinforced insulation 5,000 V type More than 0.4 mm internal insulation distance between inputs and outputs. Conforms to EN41003, EN60950 (reinforced insulation).

4. Compact 8-pin DIP size

The device comes in a compact (W)6.4 \times (L)9.86 \times (H) 3.2mm (W).252 \times (L).388 \times (H).126inch, 8-pin DIP size (through hole terminal type)

5. Applicable for 2 Form A use as well as two independent 1 Form A use.

PhotoMOS RELAYS

6. Controls low-level analog signals 7. High sensitivity, high speed response.

Can control a maximum 0.12 A load current with a 5 mA input current. Fast operation speed of 0.5ms (typ.)

8. Low-level off state leakage current

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

• Telephone equipment

Modem

TYPE	S								
	I/O isolation voltage	Output rating*			Par	Packing quantity			
Туре				Through hole terminal	Surface-mount terminal				
		Load voltage	Load current	Tube packing style		Tape and reel packing style			Tono and
						Picked from the 1/2/3/4-pin side	Picked from the 5/6/7/8-pin side	Tube	Tape and reel
AC/DC type	Reinforced 5,000 V AC	350 V	120 mA	AQW210HL	AQW210HLA	AQW210HLAX	AQW210HLAZ	1 tube contains 40 pcs. 1 batch contains 400 pcs.	1,000 pcs.

*Indicate the peak AC and DC values. Note:

For space reasons, the SMD terminal shape indicator "A" and the package type indicator "X" and "Z" are omitted from the seal.

RATING

1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

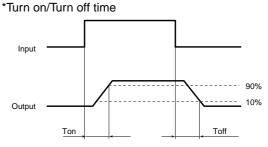
	Item	Symbol	AQW210HL(A)	Remarks	
	LED forward current	lF	50 mA		
Input	LED reverse voltage	VR	3 V		
	Peak forward current	IFP	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%	
	Power dissipation	Pin	75 mW		
Output	Load voltage (peak AC)	VL	350 V		
	Continuous load current	١L	0.12 A		
	Power dissipation	Pout	800 mW		
Total power dissipation		Ρτ	850 mW		
/O isolatiom voltage		Viso	5,000 V AC		
Tempera	ature Operating	Topr	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures	
limits	Storage	Tstg	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F		

AQW210HL

	aracteristics (Am					
	Item		Symbol	AQW210HL(A)	Condition	
	LED operate	Typical	- IFon	1.2 mA	I∟ = Max.	
	current	Maximum	TFON	3.0 mA		
nput	LED turn off	Minimum	Foff	0.4 mA	I∟ = Max.	
nput	current	Typical	IFott	1.1 mA		
	LED dropout	Minimum	VF	1.14 (1.25 V at I⊧ = 50mA)	I⊧ = 5 mA	
	voltage	Typical	V⊦	1.5 V		
		Typical	Ron	20Ω	I⊧ = 5 mA I∟ = Max.	
	On resistance	Maximum		25Ω	Within 1 s on time	
Dutput	Off state leak- age current	Maximum	Leak	1μΑ	I⊧ = 0 V∟ = Max.	
	Current limit	Typical	_	0.18 A	IF = 5 mA	
	Turn ou fine t	Typical	-	0.5 ms	I⊧ = 5 mA I∟ = Max.	
	Turn on time*	Maximum	Ton	2.0 ms		
	T	Typical	-	0.08 ms	IF = 5 mA I∟ = Max.	
Fransfer	Turn off time*	Maximum	- T _{off}	1.0 ms		
haracteristics	1/0	Typical		0.8 pF	f = 1 MHz V _B = 0	
	I/O capacitance	Maximum	Ciso	1.5 pF		
	Initial I/O isola- tion resistance	Minimum	Riso	1,000 ΜΩ	500 V DC	

Note: Recommendable LED forward current IF= 5 to 10 mA.

For type of connection



■ For Dimensions, see Page 440.

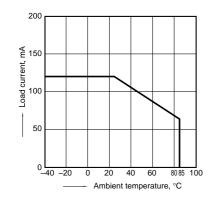
■ For Schematic and Wiring Diagrams, see Page 445.

■ For Cautions for Use, see Page 449.

REFERENCE DATA

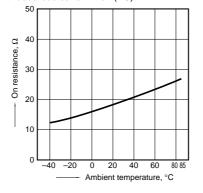
1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: –40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F



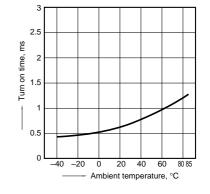
2. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC) Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



3. Turn on time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

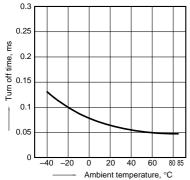
LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



AQW210HL

4. Turn off time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

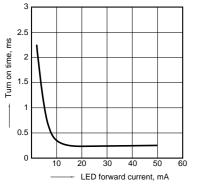


7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 5 to 50 mA

1.5 LED dropout voltage, V 1.3 12 50mA 30mA 20mA 1.1 10mA 5mA 1.0 0 -20 20 40 60 80 8 Ambient temperature, °C

10. LED forward current vs. turn on time characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC); Ambient temperature: $25^{\circ}C$ $77^{\circ}F$



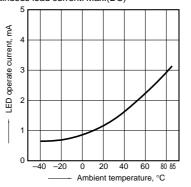
What is current limit

When a load current reaches the specified output control current, a current limit function works against the load current to keep the current a constant value. The current limit circuit built into the PhotoMOS relay thus controls the instantaneous load current to effectively ensure circuit safety.

This safety feature protects circuits down-

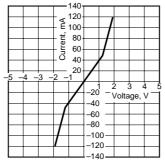
5. LED operate current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



8. Voltage vs. current characteristics of output at MOS portion

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



11. LED forward current vs. turn off time char-

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8;

Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current:

Max.(DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77

acteristics

ms

Turn off time,

0.2

0.15

0.1

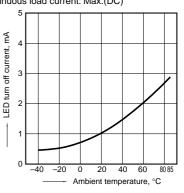
0.05

0

10 20

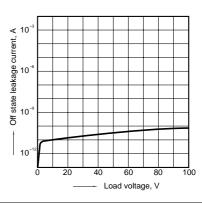
6. LED turn off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



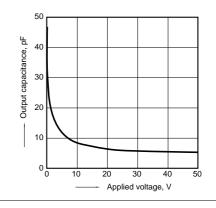
9. Off state leakage current

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Ambient temperature: $25^{\circ}C$ $77^{\circ}F$



12. Applied voltage vs. output capacitance characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Frequency: 1 MHz; Ambient temperature: $25^{\circ}C$ $77^{\circ}F$



stream of the PhotoMOS relay against over-current.

40 50

LED forward current, mA

But, if the current-limiting feature is used longer than the specified time, the Photo-MOS relay can be destroyed. Therefore, set the output loss to the max. rate or less. • Comparison of output voltage and output current characteristics

V-I Characteristics

